

Childhood Immunisations in Lewisham

Age of Immunisation	Protects against...	Which Vaccines to be Given	Number of injections
Birth to 4 months	Tuberculosis	BCG	One Injection
Two months	Diphtheria, tetanus, whooping cough, polio, haemophilus influenzae B and pneumococcal infection, Rotavirus Meningitis B	DTaP/IPV/Hib (Pediacef) PCV (Prevenar13) Rotavirus (Rotarix) Men B (Bexsero)	Three Injections + Oral
Three Month	Diphtheria, tetanus, whooping cough, polio, haemophilus influenzae B and pneumococcal infection, Meningitis C Rotavirus	DTaP/IPV/Hib (Pediacef) + Men C (Menjugate, NeisvacC only) + Rotavirus (Rotarix)	Two Injections + Oral
Four Months	Diphtheria, tetanus, whooping cough, polio, haemophilus influenzae B and pneumococcal infection Meningitis B	DTaP/IPV/Hib (Pediacef) + PCV (Prevenar13) + MenB (Bexsero)	Three Injections
12/13 Months	Measles, mumps, rubella, Hib, meningitis C, pneumococcal infection and Meningitis B	MMR (MMRvaxPro, Priorix) Hib/MenC (Menitorix) PCV (Prevenar 13) MenB (Bexsero)	Four Injections
15/16 Months (or 3 months after MMR1)	There needs to be a three month gap between the two doses of MMR for children in this age gap.	MMR (MMRvaxPro, Priorix)	One Injection
2,3,4,5 and 6 year olds	Seasonal flu	Fluenz – nasal vaccine	One dose In most children
Three year and 4 months and over	Diphtheria, tetanus, whooping cough and polio	DTaP/IPV (Infanrix/IPV) <i>(NB Boostrix – DtaP/IPV for pregnant women 28-32 weeks)</i>	One Injection
Girls aged 12 and 13 years	Cervical cancer and genital warts. Girls in school year8 are immunised against Human Papilloma Virus by school nurses. Older girls requiring 'catch up' immunisations are immunised in GP surgeries.	HPV (Gardasil) Given at 0 and 6 months	Two Injections over 6 months
13 to 18 years	Diphtheria, tetanus, polio and meningitis types ACW and Y	Td/IPV (Revaxis) + MenACWY	Two Injections